

Return of Organization Exempt From Income Tax

Under section 501(c), 527, or 4947(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (except black lung benefit trust or private foundation)

Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

▶ The organization may have to use a copy of this return to satisfy state reporting requirements

A For the 2002 calendar year, or tax year period beginning and ending

B Check if applicable:
 Address change
 Name change
 Initial return
 Final return
 Amended return
 Application pending

C Name of organization
 DOCTORS WITHOUT BORDERS USA, INC.
 MEDECINS SANS FRONTIERES USA, INC.
 Number and street (or P O box if mail is not delivered to street address) Room/suite
 333 SEVENTH AVENUE 2ND FL
 City or town state or country and ZIP + 4
 NEW YORK, NY 10001-5004

D Employer identification number
 13-3433452

E Telephone number
 (212) 679-6800

F Accounting method: Cash Accrual
 Other (specify) ▶

G Web site ▶ WWW.DOCTORSWITHOUTBORDERS.ORG

J Organization type (check only one) ▶ 501(c) (3) ◀ (insert no.) 4947(a)(1) or 527

K Check here ▶ if the organization's gross receipts are normally not more than \$25,000. The organization need not file a return with the IRS but if the organization received a Form 990 Package in the mail it should file a return without financial data. Some states require a complete return

L Gross receipts Add lines 6b, 8b, 9b, and 10b to line 12 ▶ 47,211,353.

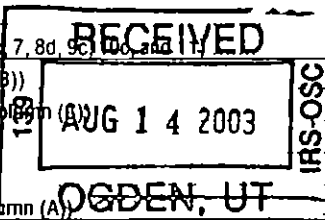
M Check ▶ if the organization is not required to attach Sch B (Form 990, 990-EZ, or 990-PF)

H and I are not applicable to section 527 organizations
H(a) Is this a group return for affiliates? Yes No
H(b) If "Yes," enter number of affiliates ▶
H(c) Are all affiliates included? N/A Yes No (If "No," attach a list)
H(d) Is this a separate return filed by an organization covered by a group ruling? Yes No
I Enter 4-digit GEN ▶

• Section 501(c)(3) organizations and 4947(a)(1) nonexempt charitable trusts must attach a completed Schedule A (Form 990 or 990-EZ)

Part I Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets or Fund Balances

		Revenue		Expenses		Net Assets	
1	Contributions, gifts, grants, and similar amounts received						
a	Direct public support	1a	41,739,310.				
b	Indirect public support	1b	1,488,411.				
c	Government contributions (grants)	1c	1,262,508.				
d	Total (add lines 1a through 1c) (cash \$ 44,490,229. noncash \$)	1d	44,490,229.				
2	Program service revenue including government fees and contracts (from Part VII, line 93)	2					
3	Membership dues and assessments	3					
4	Interest on savings and temporary cash investments	4	276,861.				
5	Dividends and interest from securities	5					
6a	Gross rents	6a					
b	Less rental expenses	6b					
c	Net rental income or (loss) (subtract line 6b from line 6a)	6c					
7	Other investment income (describe)	7					
8a	Gross amount from sale of assets other than inventory	(A) Securities	2,158,629.	(B) Other			
b	Less cost or other basis and sales expenses	8a	2,279,713.	8b			
c	Gain or (loss) (attach schedule)	8c	<121,084.>	8d	<121,084.>		
d	Net gain or (loss) (combine line 8c columns (A) and (B))		STMT 1				
9	Special events and activities (attach schedule)						
a	Gross revenue (not including \$ of contributions reported on line 1a)	9a					
b	Less direct expenses other than fundraising expenses	9b					
c	Net income or (loss) from special events (subtract line 9b from line 9a)	9c					
10a	Gross sales of inventory less returns and allowances	10a					
b	Less cost of goods sold	10b					
c	Gross profit or (loss) from sales of inventory (attach schedule) (subtract line 10b from line 10a)	10c					
11	Other revenue (from Part VII line 103)	11	285,634.				
12	Total revenue (add lines 1d, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6c, 7, 8d, 9c, 10c, and 11)	12	44,931,640.				
13	Program services (from line 44 column (B))	13	40,442,122.				
14	Management and general (from line 44 column (C))	14	751,437.				
15	Fundraising (from line 44 column (D))	15	6,227,985.				
16	Payments to affiliates (attach schedule)	16					
17	Total expenses (add lines 16 and 44, column (A))	17	47,421,544.				
18	Excess or (deficit) for the year (subtract line 17 from line 12)	18	<2,489,904.>				
19	Net assets or fund balances at beginning of year (from line 73 column (A))	19	10,740,945.				
20	Other changes in net assets or fund balances (attach explanation)	20	<102,954.>				
21	Net assets or fund balances at end of year (combine lines 18, 19, and 20)	21	8,148,087.				



SEE STATEMENT 2

SCANNED AUG 25 '03

Part II Statement of Functional Expenses All organizations must complete column (A) Columns (B), (C), and (D) are required for section 501(c)(3) and (4) organizations and section 4947(a)(1) nonexempt charitable trusts but optional for others Page 2

Do not include amounts reported on line 6b, 8b, 9b, 10b, or 16 of Part I	(A) Total	(B) Program services	(C) Management and general	(D) Fundraising
22 Grants and allocations (attach schedule) cash \$3,665,988 noncash \$	22 36,659,880.	36,659,880.	STATEMENT 4	
23 Specific assistance to individuals (attach schedule)	23			
24 Benefits paid to or for members (attach schedule)	24			
25 Compensation of officers, directors, etc	25 94,848.	55,233.	13,693.	25,922.
26 Other salaries and wages	26 2,438,109.	1,419,784.	351,987.	666,338.
27 Pension plan contributions	27 112,462.	65,490.	16,236.	30,736.
28 Other employee benefits	28 352,443.	205,238.	50,882.	96,323.
29 Payroll taxes	29 216,819.	126,260.	31,302.	59,257.
30 Professional fundraising fees	30			
31 Accounting fees	31			
32 Legal fees	32			
33 Supplies	33 41,681.	25,350.	4,690.	11,641.
34 Telephone	34 127,844.	89,104.	16,645.	22,095.
35 Postage and shipping	35 95,252.	60,717.	10,234.	24,301.
36 Occupancy	36 228,117.	129,283.	24,961.	73,873.
37 Equipment rental and maintenance	37 9,137.	5,575.	1,383.	2,179.
38 Printing and publications	38 5,043,072.	223,802.	1,793.	4,817,477.
39 Travel	39 284,707.	173,246.	70,626.	40,835.
40 Conferences, conventions, and meetings	40 341,514.	302,717.	10,564.	28,233.
41 Interest	41			
42 Depreciation, depletion, etc (attach schedule)	42 169,190.	96,275.	21,109.	51,806.
43 Other expenses not covered above (itemize)				
a	43a			
b	43b			
c	43c			
d	43d			
e SEE STATEMENT 3	43e 1,206,469.	804,168.	125,332.	276,969.
44 Total functional expenses (add lines 22 through 43) Organizations completing columns (B)-(D) carry these totals to lines 13-15	44 47,421,544.	40,442,122.	751,437.	6,227,985.

Joint Costs Check if you are following SOP 98-2

Are any joint costs from a combined educational campaign and fundraising solicitation reported in (B) Program services? Yes No

If "Yes" enter (i) the aggregate amount of these joint costs \$ _____ (ii) the amount allocated to Program services \$ _____

(iii) the amount allocated to Management and general \$ _____, and (iv) the amount allocated to Fundraising \$ _____

Part III Statement of Program Service Accomplishments

What is the organization's primary exempt purpose? ▶

TO ASSIST VICTIMS OF DISASTERS AND CONFLICTS WORLDWIDE.

All organizations must describe their exempt purpose achievements in a clear and concise manner. State the number of clients served, publications issued, etc. Discuss achievements that are not measurable. (Section 501(c)(3) and (4) organizations and 4947(a)(1) nonexempt charitable trusts must also enter the amount of grants and allocations to others.)

Program Service Expenses
(Required for 501(c)(3) and (4) orgs and 4947(a)(1) trusts but optional for others)

a SEE ATTACHED				
	(Grants and allocations \$ 36,659,880.)			40,442,122.
b				
	(Grants and allocations \$)			
c				
	(Grants and allocations \$)			
d				
	(Grants and allocations \$)			
e Other program services (attach schedule)	(Grants and allocations \$)			
f Total of Program Service Expenses (should equal line 44, column (B) Program services)				▶ 40,442,122.

Part IV Balance Sheets

Note Where required, attached schedules and amounts within the description column should be for end-of-year amounts only

		(A) Beginning of year		(B) End of year
Assets	45 Cash - non-interest-bearing		45	
	46 Savings and temporary cash investments	14,900,791.	46	18,895,073.
	47 a Accounts receivable	47a 835,439.		
	b Less allowance for doubtful accounts	47b	47c	835,439.
	48 a Pledges receivable	48a 2,549,364.		
	b Less allowance for doubtful accounts	48b	48c	2,549,364.
	49 Grants receivable		49	
	50 Receivables from officers, directors, trustees, and key employees		50	
	51 a Other notes and loans receivable	51a		
	b Less allowance for doubtful accounts	51b	51c	
	52 Inventories for sale or use		52	
	53 Prepaid expenses and deferred charges	617,771.	53	225,709.
	54 Investments - securities	<input type="checkbox"/> Cost <input type="checkbox"/> FMV	54	
	55 a Investments - land buildings, and equipment basis	55a		
	b Less accumulated depreciation	55b	55c	
56 Investments - other	SEE STATEMENT 5	2,640,846.	56	2,250,442.
57 a Land buildings, and equipment basis	57a 775,553.			
b Less accumulated depreciation	57b 505,872.	300,714.	57c	269,681.
58 Other assets (describe)			58	
59 Total assets (add lines 45 through 58) (must equal line 74)		26,318,341.	59	25,025,708.
Liabilities	60 Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,413,220.	60	906,205.
	61 Grants payable	13,164,176.	61	15,971,416.
	62 Deferred revenue		62	
	63 Loans from officers, directors, trustees and key employees		63	
	64 a Tax-exempt bond liabilities		64a	
	b Mortgages and other notes payable		64b	
	65 Other liabilities (describe)		65	
66 Total liabilities (add lines 60 through 65)		15,577,396.	66	16,877,621.
Net Assets or Fund Balances	Organizations that follow SFAS 117, check here <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> and complete lines 67 through 69 and lines 73 and 74			
	67 Unrestricted	10,519,371.	67	7,900,133.
	68 Temporarily restricted	221,574.	68	247,954.
	69 Permanently restricted		69	
	Organizations that do not follow SFAS 117, check here <input type="checkbox"/> and complete lines 70 through 74			
	70 Capital stock, trust principal, or current funds		70	
	71 Paid-in or capital surplus or land building, and equipment fund		71	
	72 Retained earnings endowment accumulated income or other funds		72	
73 Total net assets or fund balances (add lines 67 through 69 or lines 70 through 72 column (A) must equal line 19 column (B) must equal line 21)		10,740,945.	73	8,148,087.
74 Total liabilities and net assets / fund balances (add lines 66 and 73)		26,318,341.	74	25,025,708.

Form 990 is available for public inspection and, for some people, serves as the primary or sole source of information about a particular organization. How the public perceives an organization in such cases may be determined by the information presented on its return. Therefore please make sure the return is complete and accurate and fully describes in Part III the organization's programs and accomplishments.

DOCTORS WITHOUT BORDERS USA, INC.
MEDECINS SANS FRONTIERES USA, INC.

Form 990 (2002)

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Part VI Other Information		Yes	No
76	Did the organization engage in any activity not previously reported to the IRS? If "Yes," attach a detailed description of each activity		X
77	Were any changes made in the organizing or governing documents but not reported to the IRS? If "Yes," attach a conformed copy of the changes		X
78 a	Did the organization have unrelated business gross income of \$1,000 or more during the year covered by this return?		X
b	If "Yes," has it filed a tax return on Form 990-T for this year? N/A		
79	Was there a liquidation, dissolution, termination, or substantial contraction during the year? If "Yes," attach a statement		X
80 a	Is the organization related (other than by association with a statewide or nationwide organization) through common membership governing bodies, trustees, officers, etc. to any other exempt or nonexempt organization?		X
b	If "Yes," enter the name of the organization _____ and check whether it is <input type="checkbox"/> exempt or <input type="checkbox"/> nonexempt		
81 a	Enter direct or indirect political expenditures. See line 81 instructions. 81a 0.		
b	Did the organization file Form 1120-POL for this year?		X
82 a	Did the organization receive donated services or the use of materials, equipment, or facilities at no charge or at substantially less than fair rental value?	X	
b	If "Yes," you may indicate the value of these items here. Do not include this amount as revenue in Part I or as an expense in Part II (See instructions in Part III) 82b 10,337,117.		
83 a	Did the organization comply with the public inspection requirements for returns and exemption applications?	X	
b	Did the organization comply with the disclosure requirements relating to quid pro quo contributions?	X	
84 a	Did the organization solicit any contributions or gifts that were not tax deductible?		X
b	If "Yes," did the organization include with every solicitation an express statement that such contributions or gifts were not tax deductible? N/A		
85	501(c)(4), (5), or (6) organizations a Were substantially all dues nondeductible by members? N/A		
b	Did the organization make only in-house lobbying expenditures of \$2,000 or less? N/A		
	If "Yes" was answered to either 85a or 85b, do not complete 85c through 85h below unless the organization received a waiver for proxy tax owed for the prior year		
c	Dues, assessments, and similar amounts from members 85c N/A		
d	Section 162(e) lobbying and political expenditures 85d N/A		
e	Aggregate nondeductible amount of section 6033(e)(1)(A) dues notices 85e N/A		
f	Taxable amount of lobbying and political expenditures (line 85d less 85e) 85f N/A		
g	Does the organization elect to pay the section 6033(e) tax on the amount on line 85f? N/A		
h	If section 6033(e)(1)(A) dues notices were sent, does the organization agree to add the amount on line 85f to its reasonable estimate of dues allocable to nondeductible lobbying and political expenditures for the following tax year? N/A		
86	501(c)(7) organizations Enter a Initiation fees and capital contributions included on line 12 86a N/A		
b	Gross receipts included on line 12 for public use of club facilities 86b N/A		
87	501(c)(12) organizations Enter a Gross income from members or shareholders 87a N/A		
b	Gross income from other sources (Do not net amounts due or paid to other sources against amounts due or received from them) 87b N/A		
88	At any time during the year, did the organization own a 50% or greater interest in a taxable corporation or partnership, or an entity disregarded as separate from the organization under Regulations sections 301.7701-2 and 301.7701-3? If "Yes," complete Part IX		X
89 a	501(c)(3) organizations Enter Amount of tax imposed on the organization during the year under section 4911 0, section 4912 0, section 4955 0.		
b	501(c)(3) and 501(c)(4) organizations Did the organization engage in any section 4958 excess benefit transaction during the year or did it become aware of an excess benefit transaction from a prior year? If "Yes," attach a statement explaining each transaction		X
c	Enter Amount of tax imposed on the organization managers or disqualified persons during the year under sections 4912, 4955, and 4958 0.		
d	Enter Amount of tax on line 89c above reimbursed by the organization 0.		
90 a	List the states with which a copy of this return is filed SEE ATTACHED LISTING		
b	Number of employees employed in the pay period that includes March 12, 2002 90b 47		
91	The books are in care of DOCTORS WITHOUT BORDERS (MED SANS F Telephone no (212) 679-6800		
	Located at 333 SEVENTH AVENUE, 2ND FL, NYC, NY ZIP + 4 10001-5004		
92	Section 4947(a)(1) nonexempt charitable trusts filing Form 990 in lieu of Form 1041- Check here and enter the amount of tax-exempt interest received or accrued during the tax year 92 N/A		

Part VII Analysis of Income-Producing Activities (See page 31 of the instructions)

Note Enter gross amounts unless otherwise indicated	Unrelated business income		Excluded by section 512, 513 or 514		(E) Related or exempt function income
	(A) Business code	(B) Amount	(C) Exclusion code	(D) Amount	
93 Program service revenue					
a _____					
b _____					
c _____					
d _____					
e _____					
f Medicare/Medicaid payments					
g Fees and contracts from government agencies					
94 Membership dues and assessments					
95 Interest on savings and temporary cash investments			14	276,861.	
96 Dividends and interest from securities					
97 Net rental income or (loss) from real estate					
a debt-financed property					
b not debt-financed property					
98 Net rental income or (loss) from personal property					
99 Other investment income					
100 Gain or (loss) from sales of assets other than inventory			18	<121,084.>	
101 Net income or (loss) from special events					
102 Gross profit or (loss) from sales of inventory					
103 Other revenue					
a MISC OTHER REVENUE					285,634.
b _____					
c _____					
d _____					
e _____					
104 Subtotal (add columns (B), (D), and (E))		0.		155,777.	285,634.
105 Total (add line 104, columns (B), (D), and (E))					441,411.

Note Line 105 plus line 1d, Part I, should equal the amount on line 12, Part I

Part VIII Relationship of Activities to the Accomplishment of Exempt Purposes (See page 32 of the instructions)

Line No	Explain how each activity for which income is reported in column (E) of Part VII contributed importantly to the accomplishment of the organization's exempt purposes (other than by providing funds for such purposes)
103A	MISCELLANEOUS OTHER REVENUE RELATED TO EXEMPT PURPOSES SUCH AS PUBLICATION SALES, SUBSCRIPTION INCOME AND OTHER INCOME.

Part IX Information Regarding Taxable Subsidiaries and Disregarded Entities (See page 32 of the instructions)

(A) Name, address, and EIN of corporation, partnership, or disregarded entity	(B) Percentage of ownership interest	(C) Nature of activities	(D) Total income	(E) End-of-year assets
N/A	%			
	%			
	%			
	%			

Part X Information Regarding Transfers Associated with Personal Benefit Contracts (See page 33 of the instructions)

- (a) Did the organization during the year receive any funds, directly or indirectly, to pay premiums on a personal benefit contract? Yes No
- (b) Did the organization, during the year, pay premiums directly or indirectly on a personal benefit contract? Yes No

completing schedules and statements and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true information of which preparer has any knowledge

108/03 Jennifer R. White, Treasurer
Type or print name and title

SCHEDULE A
(Form 990 or 990-EZ)

Organization Exempt Under Section 501(c)(3)

OMB No 1545-0047

(Except Private Foundation) and Section 501(e), 501(f), 501(k),
501(n), or Section 4947(a)(1) Nonexempt Charitable Trust

2002

Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Supplementary Information-(See separate instructions.)
▶ **MUST be completed by the above organizations and attached to their Form 990 or 990-EZ**

Name of the organization **DOCTORS WITHOUT BORDERS USA, INC.**
MEDECINS SANS FRONTIERES USA, INC. Employer identification number
13 3433452

Part I Compensation of the Five Highest Paid Employees Other Than Officers, Directors, and Trustees
(See page 1 of the instructions List each one If there are none, enter "None")

(a) Name and address of each employee paid more than \$50,000	(b) Title and average hours per week devoted to position	(c) Compensation	(d) Contributions to employee benefit plans & deferred compensation	(e) Expense account and other allowances
A. GERARD ----- 333 SEVENTH AVE, 2ND FL, NYC NY 10001	PROGRAM DIR 40+	69,367.	14,051.	
A. JACQUEMIN-LANDRY ----- 333 SEVENTH AVE, 2ND FL, NYC NY 10001	DIRECTOR 40+	73,041.	10,563.	
A. HERMAN ----- 333 SEVENTH AVE, 2ND FL, NYC NY 10001	MARKETING DIR 40+	79,917.	17,910.	
K. TORGESON ----- 333 SEVENTH AVE, 2ND FL, NYC NY 10001	COMMUN DIR 40+	73,452.	10,633.	
S. SOLINSKY ----- 333 SEVENTH AVE, 2ND FL, NYC NY 10001	DIRECTOR 40+	58,936.	4,764.	
Total number of other employees paid over \$50,000 ▶	11			

Part II Compensation of the Five Highest Paid Independent Contractors for Professional Services
(See page 2 of the instructions List each one (whether individuals or firms) If there are none, enter "None")

(a) Name and address of each independent contractor paid more than \$50,000	(b) Type of service	(c) Compensation
NONE -----		

Total number of others receiving over \$50,000 for professional services ▶	0	

Part III Statements About Activities (See page 2 of the instructions)		Yes	No
1	During the year, has the organization attempted to influence national state or local legislation, including any attempt to influence public opinion on a legislative matter or referendum? If "Yes," enter the total expenses paid or incurred in connection with the lobbying activities ► \$ _____ \$ _____ (Must equal amounts on line 38, Part VI-A, or line 1 of Part VI-B) Organizations that made an election under section 501(h) by filing Form 5768 must complete Part VI-A Other organizations checking "Yes," must complete Part VI-B AND attach a statement giving a detailed description of the lobbying activities		X
2	During the year, has the organization, either directly or indirectly engaged in any of the following acts with any substantial contributors trustees directors, officers, creators, key employees, or members of their families, or with any taxable organization with which any such person is affiliated as an officer, director, trustee, majority owner or principal beneficiary? (If the answer to any question is "Yes," attach a detailed statement explaining the transactions)		
a	Sale, exchange, or leasing of property?		X
b	Lending of money or other extension of credit?		X
c	Furnishing of goods, services or facilities?		X
d	Payment of compensation (or payment or reimbursement of expenses if more than \$1,000)? SEE PART V, FORM 990	X	
e	Transfer of any part of its income or assets?		X
3	Does the organization make grants for scholarships fellowships student loans etc ? (See Note below)		X
4	Do you have a section 403(b) annuity plan for your employees?	X	
Note Attach a statement to explain how the organization determines that individuals or organizations receiving grants or loans from it in furtherance of its charitable programs "qualify" to receive payments			

Part IV Reason for Non-Private Foundation Status (See pages 3 through 5 of the instructions)									
The organization is not a private foundation because it is (Please check only ONE applicable box)									
5	<input type="checkbox"/> A church convention of churches, or association of churches Section 170(b)(1)(A)(i)								
6	<input type="checkbox"/> A school Section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) (Also complete Part V)								
7	<input type="checkbox"/> A hospital or a cooperative hospital service organization Section 170(b)(1)(A)(iii)								
8	<input type="checkbox"/> A Federal state, or local government or governmental unit Section 170(b)(1)(A)(v)								
9	<input type="checkbox"/> A medical research organization operated in conjunction with a hospital Section 170(b)(1)(A)(iii) Enter the hospital's name, city, and state ► _____								
10	<input type="checkbox"/> An organization operated for the benefit of a college or university owned or operated by a governmental unit Section 170(b)(1)(A)(iv) (Also complete the Support Schedule in Part IV-A)								
11a	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An organization that normally receives a substantial part of its support from a governmental unit or from the general public Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) (Also complete the Support Schedule in Part IV-A)								
11b	<input type="checkbox"/> A community trust Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) (Also complete the Support Schedule in Part IV-A)								
12	<input type="checkbox"/> An organization that normally receives (1) more than 33 1/3% of its support from contributions membership fees, and gross receipts from activities related to its charitable etc functions - subject to certain exceptions, and (2) no more than 33 1/3% of its support from gross investment income and unrelated business taxable income (less section 511 tax) from businesses acquired by the organization after June 30 1975 See section 509(a)(2) (Also complete the Support Schedule in Part IV-A)								
13	<input type="checkbox"/> An organization that is not controlled by any disqualified persons (other than foundation managers) and supports organizations described in (1) lines 5 through 12 above, or (2) section 501(c)(4), (5), or (6), if they meet the test of section 509(a)(2) (See section 509(a)(3)) Provide the following information about the supported organizations (See page 5 of the instructions)								
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>(a) Name(s) of supported organization(s)</th> <th>(b) Line number from above</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		(a) Name(s) of supported organization(s)	(b) Line number from above						
(a) Name(s) of supported organization(s)	(b) Line number from above								
14	<input type="checkbox"/> An organization organized and operated to test for public safety Section 509(a)(4) (See page 5 of the instructions)								

DOCTORS WITHOUT BORDERS USA, INC.

Schedule A (Form 990 or 990-EZ) 2002 MEDECINS SANS FRONTIERES USA, INC.

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Part IV-A Support Schedule (Complete only if you checked a box on line 10, 11, or 12) **Use cash method of accounting**
Note You may use the worksheet in the instructions for converting from the accrual to the cash method of accounting

Calendar year (or fiscal year beginning in)	(a) 2001	(b) 2000	(c) 1999	(d) 1998	(e) Total
15 Gifts, grants, and contributions received (Do not include unusual grants. See line 28)	45,235,769.	34,423,400.	33,053,232.	17,002,291.	129,714,692.
16 Membership fees received					
17 Gross receipts from admissions, merchandise sold or services performed, or furnishing of facilities in any activity that is related to the organization's charitable, etc., purpose					
18 Gross income from interest, dividends, amounts received from payments on securities loans (section 512(a)(5)), rents, royalties, and unrelated business taxable income (less section 511 taxes) from businesses acquired by the organization after June 30, 1975	760,902.	863,313.	466,812.	219,769.	2,310,796.
19 Net income from unrelated business activities not included in line 18					
20 Tax revenues levied for the organization's benefit and either paid to it or expended on its behalf					
21 The value of services or facilities furnished to the organization by a governmental unit without charge. Do not include the value of services or facilities generally furnished to the public without charge.					
22 Other income. Attach a schedule. Do not include gain or (loss) from sale of capital assets	56,548.		SEE STATEMENT 8		56,548.
23 Total of lines 15 through 22	46,053,219.	35,286,713.	33,520,044.	17,222,060.	132,082,036.
24 Line 23 minus line 17	46,053,219.	35,286,713.	33,520,044.	17,222,060.	132,082,036.
25 Enter 1% of line 23	460,532.	352,867.	335,200.	172,221.	
26 Organizations described on lines 10 or 11	a Enter 2% of amount in column (e) line 24				26a 2,641,641.
	b Prepare a list for your records to show the name of and amount contributed by each person (other than a governmental unit or publicly supported organization) whose total gifts for 1998 through 2001 exceeded the amount shown in line 26a. Do not file this list with your return. Enter the sum of all these excess amounts				26b 0.
	c Total support for section 509(a)(1) test. Enter line 24, column (e)				26c 132,082,036.
	d Add: Amounts from column (e) for lines 18 <u>2,310,796.</u> 19 _____ 22 <u>56,548.</u> 26b _____				26d 2,367,344.
	e Public support (line 26c minus line 26d total)				26e 129,714,692.
	f Public support percentage (line 26e (numerator) divided by line 26c (denominator))				26f 98.2077%
27 Organizations described on line 12	a For amounts included in lines 15, 16, and 17 that were received from a "disqualified person," prepare a list for your records to show the name of, and total amounts received in each year from, each "disqualified person." Do not file this list with your return. Enter the sum of such amounts for each year: N/A				
	(2001)	(2000)	(1999)	(1998)	
	b For any amount included in line 17 that was received from each person (other than "disqualified persons"), prepare a list for your records to show the name of and amount received for each year that was more than the larger of (1) the amount on line 25 for the year or (2) \$5,000 (include in the list organizations described in lines 5 through 11, as well as individuals). Do not file this list with your return. After computing the difference between the amount received and the larger amount described in (1) or (2), enter the sum of these differences (the excess amounts) for each year: N/A				
	(2001)	(2000)	(1999)	(1998)	
	c Add: Amounts from column (e) for lines 15 _____ 16 _____ 17 _____ 20 _____ 21 _____				27c N/A
	d Add: Line 27a total _____ and line 27b total _____				27d N/A
	e Public support (line 27c total minus line 27d total)				27e N/A
	f Total support for section 509(a)(2) test. Enter amount on line 23, column (e)				27f N/A
	g Public support percentage (line 27e (numerator) divided by line 27f (denominator))				27g N/A %
	h Investment income percentage (line 18, column (e) (numerator) divided by line 27f (denominator))				27h N/A %

28 Unusual Grants: For an organization described in line 10, 11, or 12 that received any unusual grants during 1998 through 2001, prepare a list for your records to show, for each year, the name of the contributor, the date and amount of the grant, and a brief description of the nature of the grant. Do not file this list with your return. Do not include these grants in line 15.

Part V Private School Questionnaire (See page 7 of the instructions)

N/A

(To be completed ONLY by schools that checked the box on line 6 in Part IV)

		Yes	No
29	Does the organization have a racially nondiscriminatory policy toward students by statement in its charter, bylaws, other governing instrument or in a resolution of its governing body?		
30	Does the organization include a statement of its racially nondiscriminatory policy toward students in all its brochures, catalogues and other written communications with the public dealing with student admissions, programs, and scholarships?		
31	Has the organization publicized its racially nondiscriminatory policy through newspaper or broadcast media during the period of solicitation for students, or during the registration period if it has no solicitation program in a way that makes the policy known to all parts of the general community it serves? If "Yes," please describe if "No," please explain (If you need more space, attach a separate statement)		
<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>			
32	Does the organization maintain the following		
a	Records indicating the racial composition of the student body, faculty, and administrative staff?	32a	
b	Records documenting that scholarships and other financial assistance are awarded on a racially nondiscriminatory basis?	32b	
c	Copies of all catalogues, brochures, announcements, and other written communications to the public dealing with student admissions, programs, and scholarships?	32c	
d	Copies of all material used by the organization or on its behalf to solicit contributions? If you answered "No" to any of the above please explain (If you need more space, attach a separate statement)	32d	
<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>			
33	Does the organization discriminate by race in any way with respect to		
a	Students' rights or privileges?	33a	
b	Admissions policies?	33b	
c	Employment of faculty or administrative staff?	33c	
d	Scholarships or other financial assistance?	33d	
e	Educational policies?	33e	
f	Use of facilities?	33f	
g	Athletic programs?	33g	
h	Other extracurricular activities? If you answered "Yes" to any of the above, please explain (If you need more space attach a separate statement)	33h	
<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>			
34 a	Does the organization receive any financial aid or assistance from a governmental agency?	34a	
b	Has the organization's right to such aid ever been revoked or suspended? If you answered "Yes" to either 34a or b please explain using an attached statement	34b	
35	Does the organization certify that it has complied with the applicable requirements of sections 4 01 through 4 05 of Rev Proc 75-50, 1975-2 C B 587, covering racial nondiscrimination? If "No " attach an explanation	35	

Part VI-A Lobbying Expenditures by Electing Public Charities (See page 9 of the instructions)

N/A

(To be completed ONLY by an eligible organization that filed Form 5768)

Check a if the organization belongs to an affiliated group

Check b if you checked "a" and "limited control" provisions apply

Limits on Lobbying Expenditures

(The term "expenditures" means amounts paid or incurred)

	(a) Affiliated group totals	(b) To be completed for ALL electing organizations
	N/A	
36 Total lobbying expenditures to influence public opinion (grassroots lobbying)	36	
37 Total lobbying expenditures to influence a legislative body (direct lobbying)	37	
38 Total lobbying expenditures (add lines 36 and 37)	38	
39 Other exempt purpose expenditures	39	
40 Total exempt purpose expenditures (add lines 38 and 39)	40	
41 Lobbying nontaxable amount Enter the amount from the following table -		
If the amount on line 40 is -		
Not over \$500 000	20% of the amount on line 40	
Over \$500 000 but not over \$1 000 000	\$100 000 plus 15% of the excess over \$500 000	
Over \$1 000 000 but not over \$1 500 000	\$175 000 plus 10% of the excess over \$1 000 000	
Over \$1,500 000 but not over \$17 000 000	\$225 000 plus 5% of the excess over \$1 500 000	
Over \$17 000 000	\$1 000 000	
42 Grassroots nontaxable amount (enter 25% of line 41)	42	
43 Subtract line 42 from line 36 Enter -0- if line 42 is more than line 36	43	
44 Subtract line 41 from line 38 Enter -0- if line 41 is more than line 38	44	

Caution If there is an amount on either line 43 or line 44, you must file Form 4720

4-Year Averaging Period Under Section 501(h)

(Some organizations that made a section 501(h) election do not have to complete all of the five columns below See the instructions for lines 45 through 50 on page 11 of the instructions)

Calendar year (or fiscal year beginning in)	Lobbying Expenditures During 4-Year Averaging Period				N/A
	(a) 2002	(b) 2001	(c) 2000	(d) 1999	(e) Total
45 Lobbying nontaxable amount					0.
46 Lobbying ceiling amount (150% of line 45(e))					0.
47 Total lobbying expenditures					0.
48 Grassroots nontaxable amount					0.
49 Grassroots ceiling amount (150% of line 48(e))					0.
50 Grassroots lobbying expenditures					0.

Part VI-B Lobbying Activity by Nonelecting Public Charities

(For reporting only by organizations that did not complete Part VI-A) (See page 11 of the instructions)

N/A

During the year did the organization attempt to influence national state or local legislation including any attempt to influence public opinion on a legislative matter or referendum through the use of

- a Volunteers
- b Paid staff or management (Include compensation in expenses reported on lines c through h)
- c Media advertisements
- d Mailings to members, legislators or the public
- e Publications or published or broadcast statements
- f Grants to other organizations for lobbying purposes
- g Direct contact with legislators, their staffs government officials or a legislative body
- h Rallies demonstrations, seminars conventions speeches lectures or any other means
- i Total lobbying expenditures (Add lines c through h)

Yes	No	Amount
		0.

If "Yes" to any of the above, also attach a statement giving a detailed description of the lobbying activities

Application for Extension of Time To File an Exempt Organization Return

OMB No 1545 1709

▶ File a separate application for each return

- If you are filing for an Automatic 3-Month Extension, complete only Part I and check this box ▶
 - If you are filing for an Additional (not automatic) 3-Month Extension, complete only Part II (on page 2 of this form)
- Note Do not complete Part II unless you have already been granted an automatic 3-month extension on a previously filed Form 8868.

Part I Automatic 3-Month Extension of Time - Only submit original (no copies needed)

Note Form 990-T corporations requesting an automatic 6-month extension - check this box and complete Part I only ▶
All other corporations (including Form 990-C filers) must use Form 7004 to request an extension of time to file income tax returns. Partnerships, REMICs and trusts must use Form 8736 to request an extension of time to file Form 1065, 1066, or 1041

Type or print	Name of Exempt Organization DOCTORS WITHOUT BORDERS USA, INC. MEDECINS SANS FRONTIERES USA, INC.	Employer identification number 13-3433452
File by the due date for filing your return. See instructions	Number, street, and room or suite no. If a P O box, see instructions 6 EAST 39TH STREET	
	City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. For a foreign address, see instructions NEW YORK, NY 10016	

Check type of return to be filed (file a separate application for each return)

- | | | |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Form 990 | <input type="checkbox"/> Form 990-T (corporation) | <input type="checkbox"/> Form 4720 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Form 990-BL | <input type="checkbox"/> Form 990-T (sec 401(a) or 408(a) trust) | <input type="checkbox"/> Form 5227 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Form 990-EZ | <input type="checkbox"/> Form 990-T (trust other than above) | <input type="checkbox"/> Form 6069 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Form 990-PF | <input type="checkbox"/> Form 1041 A | <input type="checkbox"/> Form 8870 |

- If the organization does not have an office or place of business in the United States check this box ▶
- If this is for a Group Return, enter the organization's four digit Group Exemption Number (GEN) _____ If this is for the whole group, check this box If it is for part of the group check this box and attach a list with the names and EINs of all members the extension will cover

1 I request an automatic 3-month (6-month, for 990-T corporation) extension of time until AUGUST 15, 2003 to file the exempt organization return for the organization named above. The extension is for the organization's return for
▶ calendar year 2002 or
▶ tax year beginning _____, and ending _____

2 If this tax year is for less than 12 months, check reason Initial return Final return Change in accounting period

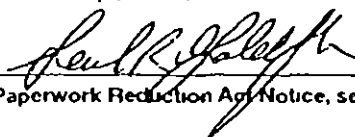
3a If this application is for Form 990-BL, 990-PF, 990-T, 4720, or 6069, enter the tentative tax, less any nonrefundable credits. See instructions \$ _____

b If this application is for Form 990-PF or 990-T, enter any refundable credits and estimated tax payments made. Include any prior year overpayment allowed as a credit \$ _____

c Balance Due Subtract line 3b from line 3a. Include your payment with this form, or, if required, deposit with FTD coupon or, if required, by using EFTPS (Electronic Federal Tax Payment System) See instructions \$ N/A

Signature and Verification

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this form including accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true, correct and complete and that I am authorized to prepare this form

Signature ▶  Title ▶ CRA Date ▶ 5-9-2003
LHA For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instruction Form 8868 (12-2000)

FORM 990 **GAIN (LOSS) FROM PUBLICLY TRADED SECURITIES** **STATEMENT** **1**

DESCRIPTION	GROSS SALES PRICE	COST OR OTHER BASIS	EXPENSE OF SALE	NET GAIN OR (LOSS)
VARIOUS DONATED SECURITIES	2,158,629.	2,279,713.	0.	<121,084.>
TO FORM 990, PART I, LINE 8	<u>2,158,629.</u>	<u>2,279,713.</u>	<u>0.</u>	<u><121,084.></u>

FORM 990	OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS OR FUND BALANCES	STATEMENT	2
DESCRIPTION		AMOUNT	
UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)		<111,372.>	
GIFT IN KIND REVENUE IN EXCESS OF EXPENSES		8,418.	
TOTAL TO FORM 990, PART I, LINE 20		<102,954.>	

FORM 990

OTHER EXPENSES

STATEMENT 3

DESCRIPTION	(A) TOTAL	(B) PROGRAM SERVICES	(C) MANAGEMENT AND GENERAL	(D) FUNDRAISING
PROJECT EXPENSE	669,608.	427,347.	25,198.	217,063.
OFFICE EXPENSES AND MAINTENANCE	76,011.	48,396.	9,163.	18,452.
OFFICE INSURANCE	241,048.	214,516.	18,150.	8,382.
BANK FEES AND COMMISSIONS	71,071.	15,941.	43,487.	11,643.
DUES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS	36,676.	34,718.	673.	1,285.
PROFESSIONAL FEES	112,055.	63,250.	28,661.	20,144.
TOTAL TO FM 990, LN 43	1,206,469.	804,168.	125,332.	276,969.

FORM 990

CASH GRANTS AND ALLOCATIONS

STATEMENT 4

<u>CLASSIFICATION</u>	<u>DONEE'S NAME</u>	<u>DONEE'S ADDRESS</u>	<u>DONEE'S RELATIONSHIP</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
SEE ATTACHED STATEMENT			NONE	36659880.
TOTAL INCLUDED ON FORM 990, PART II, LINE 22				<u>36659880.</u>

FORM 990

OTHER INVESTMENTS

STATEMENT 5

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>VALUATION METHOD</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
COMMON STOCK	MARKET VALUE	627,472.
MUTUAL FUNDS	MARKET VALUE	610,855.
CORPORATE BONDS	MARKET VALUE	30,387.
PREFERRED STOCK	MARKET VALUE	95,400.
MORTGAGE & ASSET BASED SECURITIES	MARKET VALUE	11,364.
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSITS	MARKET VALUE	843,614.
US GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS	MARKET VALUE	31,350.
TOTAL TO FORM 990, PART IV, LINE 56, COLUMN B		<u>2,250,442.</u>

FORM 990 OTHER REVENUE INCLUDED ON FORM 990 STATEMENT 6

<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>
UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS	111,372.
TOTAL TO FORM 990, PART IV-A	111,372.

FORM 990

PART V - LIST OF OFFICERS, DIRECTORS,
TRUSTEES AND KEY EMPLOYEES

STATEMENT 7

NAME AND ADDRESS	TITLE AND AVRG HRS/WK	COMPEN- SATION	EMPLOYEE BEN PLAN CONTRIB	EXPENSE ACCOUNT
CAROL ETHERINGTON 1207 SAXON DRIVE NASHVILLE, TN 37215	PRESIDENT 0	0.	0.	0.
DAVE SHEVLIN C/O SIMPSON, THACHER & BARTLETT, 425 LEXINGTON AVE. NYC, NY 10017	SECRETARY 0	0.	0.	0.
JEAN-HERVE BRADOL MEDECINS SANS FRONTIERES, 8 RUE SAINT SABIN PARIS, FRANCE 75011	DIRECTOR 0	0.	0.	0.
BRUCE MAHIN 6 RUE PUGET PARIS 75018, FRANCE	DIRECTOR 0	0.	0.	0.
ELS MATHIEU 3117-1 FLOWERS ROAD SOUTH ATLANTA, GA 30341	DIRECTOR 0	0.	0.	0.
BRIAN HERTZ 14 FIELDING CIRCLE MILL VALLEY, CA 94941	DIRECTOR 0	0.	0.	0.
BART MEIJMAN HARRY KONINGSBERGERSTRAAT 86 AMSTERDAM, THE NETHERLANDS 1063 AD	DIRECTOR 0	0.	0.	0.
JENNIFER WHITE 102 TULIP TREE COURT ANN ARBOR, MI 48103	TREASURER 0	0.	0.	0.
NICOLAS DE TORRENTE 333 SEVENTH AVENUE, 2ND FL NYC, NY 10001	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR 40+	94,848.	17,100.	0.
DARIN PORTNOY 412 SIERRA VISTA WAY GUNNISON, CO 81230	VICE PRESIDENT 0	0.	0.	0.

DOCTORS WITHOUT BORDERS USA, INC. MEDECI

13-3433452

ANAMARIA BULATOVIC	DIRECTOR			
LES BOISSIERS	0	0.	0.	0.
VERONNE 26340, FRANCE				

MARTHA CAREY	DIRECTOR			
1763 PIEDMONT AVE. NE, APT A4	0	0.	0.	0.
ATLANTA, GA 30324				

TOTALS INCLUDED ON FORM 990, PART V		<u>94,848.</u>	<u>17,100.</u>	<u>0.</u>
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SCHEDULE A	OTHER INCOME			STATEMENT 8
DESCRIPTION	2001 AMOUNT	2000 AMOUNT	1999 AMOUNT	1998 AMOUNT
MISC OTHER REVENUE	56,548.	0.	0.	0.
TOTAL TO SCHEDULE A, LINE 22	56,548.	0.	0.	0.

DOCTORS WITHOUT BORDERS USA, INC
MEDECINS SANS FRONTIERES USA, INC

EIN 13-3433452

FORM 990 PART III - PROGRAM SERVICE ACCOMPLISHMENTS

GRANTS

Total Project Support through US Private Funding	35,397,372
Total Project Support through US Government Funding	<u>1,262,508</u>
Total - Grants - Page 2 - Part III	<u>36,659,880</u>

PROJECT SUPPORT IN 2002 THROUGH US PRIVATE CONTRIBUTIONS

Africa

Angola \$ 7,197,793

An April 2002 ceasefire agreement between the government and the UNITA rebels brought a halt to more than 27 years of civil war in Angola. Unfortunately, the peace that allowed MSF teams to reach long inaccessible areas of the country for the first time in many years revealed regions with catastrophic malnutrition and high mortality rates. By August, 180 MSF international volunteers and approximately 2,200 Angolan staff were providing food around the clock to thousands of severely malnourished children at more than 20 intensive feeding centers. MSF teams distributed more than 600 tons of food each month during the height of the crisis. The organization's intervention in Angola became the largest commitment of funds, staff, and material in its history.

By the end of the year, MSF began to witness the success of its emergency intervention as the threat of starvation receded. Feeding programs were ended or scaled down in response to needs, but landmines continued to impede the ability of our teams to reach isolated villages. Tragically, in December, a mine exploded under an MSF vehicle, killing seven and wounding six others. One of the few aid organizations actively addressing the overwhelming nutritional needs in Angola, MSF publicly urged the international community and the government of Angola to act, but was unable to secure adequate attention to the crisis. In October, MSF met with UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan to discuss the devastating consequences of the UN's slow reaction to the situation in Angola.

To date, MSF has not received satisfactory answers from the UN about its concerns. MSF also highlighted the plight of Angolan citizens in a presentation before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Benin \$ 2,000

Expanding efforts against AIDS

MSF launched a new, comprehensive HIV/AIDS care program in Dogbo, a city in southwest Benin. AIDS is highly stigmatized in the country, and adequate care is not available. The organization continued to support the treatment center for Buruli's ulcer in Mono, working closely with local health professionals to diagnose and treat the disease.

Burundi \$ 1,186,460

Addressing needs caused by war

MSF's work in many parts of Burundi addressed health needs resulting from the effects of war and forced displacement. MSF teams performed emergency surgery and provided general medical care in several hospitals and in a center for war wounded in the provinces of Bujumbura and Cankuzo. The organization also operated supplementary and therapeutic feeding centers integrated into local hospitals.

Central African Republic \$ 405,938

Facing the outbreak of war

Following an October coup d'etat, MSF focused on meeting the basic and emergency health care needs of the many people affected by extreme violence. In addition, MSF continued its sleeping sickness program in Haut-Mbomou in the southeast of the country, providing treatment and training local staff to care for patients. MSF obtained authorization from the Ministry of Health to introduce eflornithine, a newer, less toxic drug, on a pilot basis to treat advanced sleeping sickness cases.

Congo Republic \$ 600,000

Providing care amid conflict

In early 2002, MSF helped contain an outbreak of Ebola virus in the northwest of the country. In the capital, Brazzaville, MSF provided basic health care and immunizations to civilians displaced by the resumption of fighting in June. MSF also mounted a special project to aid victims of sexual violence in Brazzaville, which included the provision of legal support to encourage prosecution of complaints. MSF continued to provide much-needed medical care through its sleeping sickness project.

Democratic Republic of Congo \$ 3,622,176

Assisting a weakened population

Decades of conflict in the Democratic Republic of Congo have led to the deaths and displacement of millions. MSF issued several reports, including collections of personal testimonies, to illustrate the country's dire health situation to policymakers and the public. Throughout the country, MSF teams provided critically needed care for victims of violence and people suffering from malnutrition, measles, diarrhea, cholera, and meningitis. In January, when the Mount Nyiragongo volcano erupted, destroying almost a fifth of the heavily populated town of Goma, MSF teams in the area immediately sprang into action to provide clean water to people fleeing into nearby Rwanda. When refugees returned, MSF undertook a measles vaccination campaign for 87,000 children.

Ethiopia \$ 600,000

Fighting TB and meningitis

Ethiopia continues to have one of the highest incidences of tuberculosis (TB) in the world. MSF's TB program expanded to include several additional health centers and clinics covering a total population of about two million. MSF worked closely with an Ethiopian nongovernmental organization specializing in maternal and child health care to ensure that displaced people treated in the TB program had access to food and shelter. Located in Africa's "meningitis belt," Ethiopia experienced a rapid increase in meningitis cases in the spring of 2002, prompting MSF to carry out a mass vaccination campaign that reached approximately 1.2 million people.

Guinea \$ 750,000

Helping refugees

In 2002, MSF's medical assistance programs helped Guinea cope with the health needs of an estimated 190,000 refugees from Liberia and Sierra Leone. MSF provided medical support, water, and sanitation services for refugees and resident Guineans living in refugee areas.

Ivory Coast \$ 1,000,000

Treating civilians during conflict

The outbreak of fighting in Ivory Coast in September led to a breakdown in health care services in the northern and western parts of the country. MSF teams responded immediately by dispatching a large medical team to keep the main hospital in Bouaké, a town in the rebel-controlled northern part of the country, running. Using MSF medical supplies and materials, the hospital provided desperately needed health services and emergency surgical care. From the western city of Man, MSF ran a mobile clinic that provided free medical consultations in Daloa and other nearby towns.

Kenya \$ 1,822,879

Addressing a growing AIDS crisis

About 23 million Kenyans live with HIV/AIDS, and an estimated 520 people die each day from AIDS-related infections. MSF began providing antiretroviral treatment at the hospital in Homa Bay in the province of Nyanza, where an estimated 35% of the adult population is infected with HIV. MSF worked with the country's tuberculosis program in the Homa Bay hospital and 27 local health centers to treat 1,500 patients and improve diagnosis and follow-up. Comprehensive care for people with HIV/AIDS was the focus of MSF's work in the Mbagathi Hospital in the capital, Nairobi, and in Nairobi's slums. In May, new fighting caused several thousand Somalis to seek refuge in Kenya, prompting MSF to reopen one of its feeding centers and to push for government assistance for safe relocation of the refugees. MSF continues to offer medical care and nutritional support in three camps for Somali refugees in eastern Kenya.

Liberia \$ 1,326,460

Supporting those trapped by conflict

Throughout 2002, Liberian civilians faced the devastating effects of war and found themselves the target of military aggression from all parties to the conflict. MSF responded by providing medical aid, water, sanitation, and shelter through a network of camps in various regions of the country. In Monrovia, MSF managed the 95-bed Redemption Hospital, the only public hospital in the capital, and four clinics where almost 17,000 people sought consultations each month. In November, MSF expanded Redemption Hospital's capacity by adding a 50-bed pediatric unit containing a therapeutic feeding center.

Madagascar \$ 300,000

Caring for street children

In the capital, Antananarivo, MSF moved two medical and social support centers for street children into independent premises in Andravoahangy and Anosibé and reopened a third one in the Isotry district. Each center was staffed by a multidisciplinary team including a doctor, nurse, social worker, and youth leader. More than 2,500 street children received regular medical care and social services. In addition, MSF worked to improve the hygiene conditions in three juvenile detention centers and a prison.

Malawi \$ 800,000

Aiming efforts at AIDS

With nearly one million people living with HIV/AIDS, Malawi is a country devastated by the epidemic. MSF provides comprehensive care in the rural district of Chiradzulu.

By the end of 2002, more than 300 people were receiving life-extending antiretroviral treatment. The organization also continued to provide integrated AIDS care in the southern district of Thyolo.

Niger \$ 366,000

Combating chronic malnutrition

Years of drought, failed harvests, and disease have left 20% of Niger's children under age three with acute malnutrition. MSF's therapeutic feeding center in Maradi admitted 5,422 children during 2002. To meet the needs of the rural population, MSF launched an innovative approach to nutritional support. After a short period of hospitalization, children were brought by their mothers for weekly checkups at which they received supplies of an enriched peanut-butter-based food supplement called "plumpy nuts." Because peanuts are a common crop, a pilot project to produce the food supplement locally began in August.

Nigeria \$ 117,000

Fighting malaria

MSF's work focused on treating malaria in Bayelsa state in the Niger Delta. The disease is the country's primary killer of children under five. Accurate diagnosis and effective treatment continue to be the project's goals. However, even correctly applied national treatment protocols have had little impact due to the high level of drug resistance found in the region. MSF is now advocating for the introduction of newer, more effective combination therapies based on artemisinin derivatives.

Sierra Leone \$ 779,510

Rebuilding health care services

A decade of civil war has left Sierra Leone's health care infrastructure in ruins. Throughout 2002, MSF helped restore health care services in districts formerly controlled by rebel groups. The organization provided crucial assistance at 12 clinics and rehabilitated and supported district hospitals in Makeni and Magburaka, the latter offering the only facilities for emergency surgery in the country's northern districts. MSF also ran a therapeutic feeding center and clinic in Port Loko and supported a hospital and six clinics in the Kambia district. In the south, MSF offered primary health care at eight health posts and pediatric services in several hospitals and clinics.

Sudan \$ 2,728,805

Addressing the consequences of war

During the past three decades, civil war and famine in Sudan have killed 1.5 million people and displaced millions more. Continuing to meet urgent health care needs, as it has for many years, MSF's services included surgical intervention, nutritional support, vaccinations, primary health care, water supply, and programs to fight infectious diseases. In April, MSF highlighted the miserable conditions facing Sudanese civilians in one of the key regions where the organization works in its report "Violence, Health and Access to Aid in Unity State/ Western Upper Nile, Sudan."

Uganda \$ 1,600,000

Fighting infectious disease

MSF's work in Uganda focused on the control and treatment of infectious diseases. During 2002, MSF began providing antiretroviral treatment for people living with AIDS in the hospital in Arua, as part of a continuum of care that includes prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV. MSF completed a successful 16-year intervention to fight sleeping sickness in northern Uganda, handing over its program to national health authorities. Having treated more than 17,000 patients, the program significantly contributed to reducing the prevalence of the disease in the area. Moreover, after campaigning for the introduction of the drug eflornithine to treat advanced cases of sleeping sickness, MSF gained authorization from the government to use this medicine in the Omugo health center in May. In Amudat, MSF screened for and treated kala azar. An estimated 30 patients were treated each month. MSF also operated a health center that provides 800 outpatient consultations per month and has the capacity to serve 120 inpatients.

Tanzania \$ 202,938

Combating malaria

In Tanzania, MSF teams gave medical support and participated in ongoing dialogue with health authorities to adapt treatment protocols for malaria outbreaks. In Kigoma, MSF worked with local artists and radio networks on innovative ways to provide health education.

Zambia \$ 200,000

Assisting war refugees

MSF's programs in Zambia focused primarily on the thousands of people from neighboring countries, particularly Angola, who have sought refuge there. Together with local organizations, MSF supported health clinics and nutrition programs in the Maheba camp near Solwezi. In January, MSF began providing tuberculosis treatment there. MSF treated malaria in the camp while documenting the efficacy and compliance rate for artemisinin-based combination therapy as a new treatment approach. Following the stabilization of the public health situation, MSF handed over activities in the Kala and Nangweshi refugee camps to local health authorities.

Asia and the Pacific

Afghanistan \$ 1,135,690

In 2002, MSF teams in Afghanistan continued to provide health care to a population forced to endure years of conflict, instability, and drought. Large areas of the country remained inaccessible due to fighting, landmines, and roads made impassable by winter snow. These obstacles cut off hundreds of thousands of people from health care, leaving them vulnerable to infectious diseases. More than two million Afghan refugees returned home from neighboring countries in 2002, outstripping the country's capacity to absorb them. Thousands of families could not return to their original villages due to ongoing fighting, high unemployment, and the destruction of many houses.

Today in Kabul, large numbers of squatters still live in deplorable conditions. To assist the most vulnerable Afghans, 100 international volunteers and more than 1,000 Afghan staff members now operate relief programs in 16 provinces, as well as in neighboring Iran and Pakistan. In 2002, MSF provided basic health care and food to communities

that had none. The teams cared for more than 4,000 malnourished children in our feeding centers and treated 45,000 patients per month at 18 medical clinics. The organization worked in camps sheltering displaced people near Herat, Zarang, and Mazar-i-Sharif and carried out vaccination campaigns to prevent outbreaks of infectious diseases. In a country where the maternal mortality rate is among the world's highest, MSF also addressed maternal and obstetric needs to reduce the number of Afghan mothers dying from complications related to childbirth.

Interviews with patients in MSF's clinics revealed that alarmingly high numbers of people had sold land and belongings, including livestock, to obtain food. Those who had food largely survived on a poor diet. Finding that food supplies were inadequate in many parts of the country, especially in the northern regions, MSF repeatedly urged other agencies to step up food-distribution programs and encouraged donor governments to support such programs. While the new government tries to restore order and provide basic services and protection for its people, the needs remain great, especially in rural areas where conflict continues.

Cambodia \$ 400,000

Expanding frontline treatment for AIDS

In a country where nearly 200,000 people are living with HIV/AIDS, MSF is providing comprehensive care, including free antiretroviral (ARV) treatment, for people with AIDS at Norodom Sihanouk Hospital in Phnom Penh. By the end of 2002, more than 300 patients had started ARV therapy.

China \$ 429,000

Assisting vulnerable children and minorities

In Shaanxi province, MSF provided medical care and social support to an estimated 130 street children in the city of Baoji. Transferred from detention after being picked up on the streets, these children, mostly boys aged 4 to 17, receive food and educational assistance. Medical support was also provided to isolated rural minority populations in Guangxi province.

Indonesia \$ 150,000

Providing care amid displacement and conflict

More than one million Indonesians remain internally displaced as a result of government-encouraged "transmigration" and ethnic and religious strife. MSF addressed the health and sanitation needs of internally displaced persons and local populations in 15 locations in Ambon and the Moluccas Islands. In addition, while repatriation of war-displaced East Timorese seemed to increase, tens of thousands still remained in camps in West Timor, where MSF assisted with an immunization campaign.

Philippines \$ 25,000

Reintegrating Manila's street children

In the capital, Manila, MSF provided a comprehensive package of medical, psychosocial, and legal services aimed at facilitating the reintegration of street children into society.

Sri Lanka \$ 300,000

Addressing serious health needs after war

Although the long civil war has ended, health needs remain high in Sri Lanka. MSF continued to provide medical assistance, with a strong focus on people displaced by the war. In Vavuniya, in addition to providing surgical services, MSF helped establish protocols for the disposal of medical and other wastes. In Mallavi, Point Pedro, and Batticaloa, MSF surgeons worked in public hospitals. MSF also offered basic care to people in outlying war affected areas near these cities and responded to the health needs of about 6,000 internally displaced people in Jaffna. At Jaffna's teaching hospital, 650 children were admitted each month to the pediatric ward where two MSF pediatricians worked. In Point Pedro, three MSF doctors provided gynecological and obstetrical care and surgery.

Thailand \$ 900,000

Responding to the AIDS crisis

An estimated 700,000 people are living with HIV/AIDS in Thailand. Coping with the AIDS epidemic continues to be the main focus of MSF's work in that country. More than 400 people with HIV/AIDS, including more than 50 children, were enrolled in MSF's antiretroviral (ARV) therapy program in Sunn Provincial Hospital and three nearby district hospitals. MSF provided home-based care in Bangkok and ARV therapy for more than 250 people in Prachomklao Provincial Hospital and three district hospitals.

THE CAUCASUS AND CENTRAL ASIA

Armenia \$ 776,460

Addressing TB and mental health needs

MSF programs prioritized tuberculosis (TB) treatment in Armenia. In Stepanakert, MSF worked with health authorities to combat TB using the DOTS (Directly Observed Treatment Short-course) strategy, trained staff, and provided health education. Having achieved an 80% cure rate for patients finishing DOTS, MSF handed over the project to national health authorities at the end of 2002.

Dagestan \$ 373,000

Improving conditions for refugees

Three years of the Russian army's "anti-terrorist" operations have forced hundreds of thousands of Chechens to seek refuge in the neighboring republics of Dagestan and Ingushetia. MSF denounced the inhumane living conditions of the displaced and provided direct medical assistance to more than 30 hospitals and clinics in Chechnya, 30 in Ingushetia, and 10 in Dagestan. On August 12, 2002, Arjan Erkel, a Dutch MSF volunteer working in the region, was abducted in Dagestan. To date, neither MSF nor his family has received word about his condition or whereabouts.

Georgia \$ 1,000,000

Increasing access to health care

Political and economic insecurity continue to beset Georgia. MSF worked to increase access to health care for society's most vulnerable populations in the capital, Tbilisi, as well as in Akhmeta and Abkhazia. MSF and the Red Cross identified 18,000 people in Abkhazia who were lacking access to health care and provided them with cards entitling them to free treatment at some hospitals. MSF provided medical supplies and financial support to the doctors who will treat them. In a similar program in Varketili, MSF cares for 10,000 internally displaced people and refugees. In Sukhumi, MSF diagnosed and treated TB in several outpatient clinics and in a prison using the DOTS strategy. Some 219 new patients had started treatment by March.

Russian Federation \$ 291,418

Treating a TB epidemic

MSF's program to combat tuberculosis (TB) expanded to cover the entire penal system of the Kemerovo region in Siberia. MSF carried out active case finding, organized care for contagious patients, and succeeded in treating thousands of inmates with active TB. Through this intervention, the incidence of TB in Kemerovo's prison system has dropped more than 50%, and mortality has decreased sevenfold. During 2002, MSF expanded its TB program to the public. In addition, MSF continued to provide 500 medical and social consultations for homeless people in Moscow each week.

THE AMERICAS

Bolivia \$ 77,000

Combating Chagas disease

In late 2002, MSF began activities to diagnose and treat Chagas disease in O'Connor province. The parasite that spreads the disease lives in the traditional straw roofing used by the poor. The disease affects about 30% of Bolivians.

Colombia \$ 452,938

Assisting civilian victims of growing violence

MSF organized mobile medical teams to provide primary health care to communities isolated by the country's civil war or lacking access to health facilities in the rural areas of San Vicente del Caguan, in the Magdalena Medio region, and in Córdoba, Sucre, Bolivar, Caqueta, and Tolima. A new primary health care program and malaria-control project started in El Charco. In the Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, two MSF teams collaborated with local health authorities to vaccinate 5,000 children during a measles epidemic in March.

Guatemala \$ 1,050,000

Caring for society's "undesirables"

In Guatemala City, the Tzite clinic continued to provide medical and psychological assistance to street children and young people. In Lomas de Santa Fe, one of the capital's slums, MSF managed a day-treatment center providing medical and

psychological care for children at high risk and their parents MSF continued to run comprehensive HIV/AIDS-care programs and introduced antiretroviral treatment in April at the clinic of Proyecto Vida in Coatepeque

Haiti \$ 182,336

Improving maternal and reproductive health

Haiti is the poorest country in the Western hemisphere Given its high maternal-mortality rate, MSF programs focused in 2002 on maternal and reproductive health MSF worked in one hospital and 18 health centers covering a population of 200,000 in Saint-Marc, Desdunes, and Grande Saline At Saint Nicolas Hospital in Saint-Marc, MSF trained medical staff in basic surgery and anesthetic techniques for highrisk births

Mexico \$ 423,000

Alleviating the health effects of discrimination

In more than 25 indigenous communities in Chiapas, MSF provided basic health care and ran a trachoma-control campaign, responding to acute health needs in the region In April, a primary health care project opened in the isolated region of La Montaña in Guerrero to focus on reducing morbidity and mortality rates among the area's indigenous people, particularly women and children

Peru \$ 388,230

Combating HIV/AIDS

MSF worked in four districts of the capital, Lima, to improve access and quality of care for people living with HIV/AIDS At Maria Auxiliadora Hospital, the team offered outpatient consultations and trained local medical workers in all aspects of HIV/AIDS prevention and care A second HIV/AIDS program was conducted in Lima's Lurigancho prison

MIDDLE EAST

Palestinian Territories \$ 70,000

Addressing the effects of violence

The cycle of violence involving Israel and the Palestinians escalated in 2002, devastating civilians on both sides In September, MSF published the report *Palestinian Chronicles Trapped by War* describing the deteriorating conditions of Palestinian civilians in Hebron and the Gaza Strip since the uprising began MSF provided medical, psychological, and social assistance to people living close to Israeli settlements, army installations, and checkpoints In addition, MSF teams provided essential medicines and emergency transport of patients to health facilities in the Palestinian territories In April, MSF provided medicine and medical supplies to a public hospital in Jenin that had been cut off during a monthlong occupation by the Israeli army

Yemen \$ 300,000

Providing care and medicines to the poorest

The financially driven reform of the national health care system has failed to improve access to quality medical care in Yemen, one of the poorest countries in the Middle East. MSF worked with local authorities in Aden to improve primary care. MSF supported one polyclinic and four dispensaries in the semirural suburb of Little Aden. The organization worked with local medical staff to improve the quality of consultations, nursing care, and maternal and child follow-up.

ADVOCACY, COORDINATION, AND RESEARCH

Campaign for Access to Essential Medicines \$ 250,000

In 1999, MSF launched its international Campaign for Access to Essential Medicines. This effort grew out of the frustration felt by MSF doctors and nurses who faced growing difficulty in treating their patients because the medicines they needed were either too expensive, no longer produced, increasingly ineffective, or simply nonexistent. The successes of the Campaign have been staggering, and yet the reality for millions of people suffering from infectious diseases including HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria, sleeping sickness, and kala azar remains dire. Thousands of people die from these and other preventable and treatable diseases every day. In all of its advocacy work, MSF draws upon its own field experience to push for international and national policy changes that will result in greater access to affordable and effective medicines.

THE EXAMPLE OF HIV/AIDS

During the past four years, MSF has contributed greatly to focusing serious political and public attention on the overwhelming lack of access to existing HIV/AIDS therapies in developing countries, most tragically illustrated by the lack of access to life-extending antiretroviral (ARV) therapy. An estimated 42 million people are living with HIV/AIDS worldwide, and more than 95% do not have access to ARVs. Three million people die of HIV-related causes every year. MSF has responded to this crisis in two fundamental ways. First, we are on the frontlines, providing ARV treatment in Africa, Asia, Latin America, and Eastern Europe. At the end of 2002, we were treating approximately 2,300 patients with ARVs in 10 countries—including Cambodia, Guatemala, Malawi, South Africa, and Ukraine—demonstrating the feasibility of providing ARV therapy using affordable quality generics in resource-poor settings. MSF is also continuing to demand the international political response to the AIDS pandemic that is required to increase the scale of available treatment for all those who need it. The epidemic calls for no less than dramatically expanded resources, guarantees by the United States and other wealthy countries that international trade agreements will be interpreted in a manner that is favorable to public health, political commitments by developing countries to implement national AIDS treatment programs that include ARV therapy, and increased provision of technical resources from specialized United Nations agencies including the World Health Organization (WHO), UNAIDS, and UNICEF. MSF will not give up the fight for access to AIDS treatment until those political responsibilities have been properly assumed and until a credible international response, proportionate to the magnitude of the AIDS pandemic, has been mounted.

ADVOCATING FOR—AND IMPLEMENTING—MORE EFFECTIVE TREATMENTS

In 2002, after a seven-year battle, MSF teams in southern Sudan and elsewhere were finally able to start treating patients suffering from second-stage sleeping sickness with eflornithine, a much safer drug than its predecessor, the sometimes deadly arsenic derivative melarsoprol. The Access Campaign had spearheaded efforts to make this

first-line treatment available after the manufacturer had discontinued production, securing an agreement with the WHO and the producer to guarantee a sufficient volume of the drug to meet global need until 2007. In 2002, MSF began distributing eflornithine to its own sleeping sickness projects and to those run by other organizations and governments. The Access Campaign also highlighted the need for increased research and development (R&D) for this neglected disease. Meanwhile, in the face of increasing and alarming rates of resistance to traditional antimalarials in Africa, MSF began introducing newer, more effective artemisinin-based combination therapies (ACT) for the treatment of malaria. At the same time, we challenged national governments in countries with high levels of parasite resistance to change their national protocols, and urged donor countries including the United States to mobilize the resources to finance the switch to ACT. We also highlighted the need for more R&D, particularly for drug-resistant malaria.

To increase public awareness about and political attention to the access-to-medicines crisis, MSF hosted an international conference, "The Crisis of Neglected Diseases," in New York in March and launched the Access to Essential Medicines Expo, a traveling exhibit housed in a tractor-trailer, which visited 23 US cities during 2002. In the exhibit, visitors are invited to identify with one of five patients from MSF projects, each living with a treatable, infectious disease: malaria, sleeping sickness, kala azar, tuberculosis, or HIV/AIDS. Through personal testimony, sound, photographs, and text, the exhibit explains who is affected by each disease, the nature of the illness, current treatment options, and the state of research and development for effective and affordable treatment. MSF field volunteers who have worked in countries affected by the access crisis speak with each visitor, providing a mock medical consultation. More than 12,000 people came to see the exhibit in 2002. The tour continued in early 2003 where it culminated in Washington, DC, on the National Mall.

Epicentre \$ 312,197

Conducting epidemiological research

MSF-USA supported Epicentre's work to assist MSF field projects in providing quality treatments and developing innovative care approaches through epidemiological research studies conducted in Angola and elsewhere.

MSF International Office

\$ 198,659 Supporting advocacy and network coordination

MSF-USA contributed to the essential work of the international MSF office, which coordinates international medical operations and advocacy efforts. It also supported MSF's advocacy work with the United Nations and its related agencies in New York and Geneva.

MSF Logistique \$ 300,000

Rehabilitating a warehouse

MSF-USA assisted efforts to expand and improve the MSF logistics warehouse in Bordeaux, France to ensure the swift and efficient deployment of emergency medical supplies to MSF field projects worldwide.

Other donor-restricted funds (Honduras, Mozambique, Myanmar (Burma), Nicaragua, and Somalia) \$ 4,485

TOTAL PROJECT SUPPORT THROUGH US PRIVATE FUNDING

At year end 2002 \$ 35,397,372

The following program was carried out in 2002 through a grant awarded by the United States Agency for International Development, Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance:

Burundi \$ 1,262,508

MSF operated therapeutic and supplemental feeding programs to treat malnourished children in Karuzi and Bujumbura provinces. Additional activities included training local staff in case management of malnourished children and launching a vector-control program in Karuzi province to reduce mortality and morbidity related to malaria.

TOTAL PROJECT SUPPORT THROUGH US GOVERNMENT FUNDING

At year end 2002 \$ 1,262,508

DISTRIBUTION OF US PRIVATE CONTRIBUTIONS IN 2002

Africa \$ 25,607,959

Asia and the Pacific \$ 3,339,690

Caucasus and Central Asia \$ 2,440,878

Americas \$ 2,573,504

Other \$ 1,065,341

Middle East \$ 370,000

Total \$ 35,397,372

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